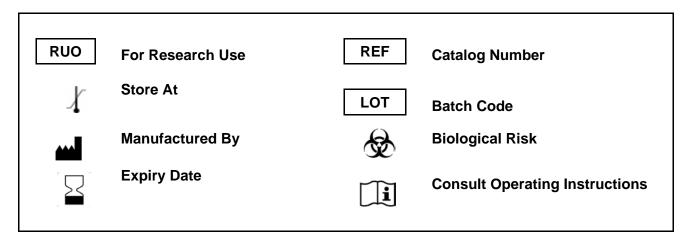
# KRIBIOLISA™ Anti-Nivolumab (OPDIVO®) ELISA

**REF** : KBI2050

Ver 1.1

RUO

Enzyme Immunoassay for the Quantitative Determination of Anti-Nivolumab in human serum and plasma



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#### Introduction:

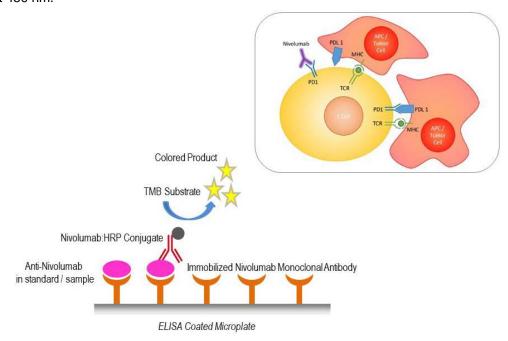
OPDIVO® (nivolumab) is a prescription medicine used in combination with YERVOY® (ipilimumab) as a first treatment for adults with a type of advanced stage lung cancer (called non-small cell lung cancer) when your lung cancer has spread to other parts of your body (metastatic) and your tumors are positive for PD-L1, but do not have an abnormal EGFR or ALK gene.

#### Intended Use:

The KRIBIOLISA™ Anti-Nivolumab ELISA is used as an analytical tool for quantitative determination of Anti-Nivolumab in human serum and plasma.

#### Principle:

The method employs the sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. Nivolumab is pre-coated onto microwells. Samples or standards are pipetted into microwells and antibodies to Nivolumab present in the standards or sample are bound by the capture antibody. Then, a HRP (horseradish peroxidase) conjugated Nivolumab is pipetted and incubated. After washing microwells in order to remove any nonspecific binding, the ready to use substrate solution (TMB) is added to microwells and color develops proportionally to the amount of Anti-Nivolumab in the sample. Color development is then stopped by addition of stop solution. Absorbance is measured at 450 nm.



PRINCIPLE OF THE KRIBIOLISA™ ANTI-NIVOLUMAB ELISA

#### **Materials Provided:**

Part	Description	Qty
Nivolumab Coated Microtiter Plate	6 well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with 1 x 96 wells ivolumab.	
Anti-Nivolumab Standard	Recombinant Anti-Nivolumab Standard in a buffered protein base with preservative thiomersol < 0.01% (lyophilized, concentrated, 1 ug/ml)	2 vials
Nivolumab:HRP Conjugate	Nivolumab conjugated to Horseradish Peroxidase with protein stabilizer and preservatives 0.02% methylisothiazolone and 0.02% bromonitrodioxane.	12 ml



Part	Description	Qty
(1X) Sample Diluent	Buffered protein base with preservative thiomersol < 0.01%	2 X 50 ml
(1X) Standard Diluent	Buffered protein base with 1:1000 dilution human serum and preservative thiomersol < 0.01%	10 ml
(20X) Wash Buffer	20-fold concentrated solution of buffered surfactant with preservative thiomersol < 0.01%. May turn yellow over time.	25 ml
TMB Substrate	Stabilized Chromogen	12 ml
Stop Solution	2N Sulfuric Acid	12 ml
Instruction Manual		1 no

# Materials to be provided by the End-User:

- 1. Microtiter Plate Reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Adjustable pipettes and multichannel pipettor to measure volumes ranging from 25 ul to 1000 ul
- 3. Deionized (DI) water
- 4. Wash bottle or automated microplate washer
- 5. Graph paper or software for data analysis
- 6. Timer
- 7. Absorbent Paper

# Handling/Storage:

- 1. All reagents should be stored at 2°C to 8°C for stability.
- 2. All the reagents and wash solutions should be used within 12 months from manufacturing date.
- 3. Before using, bring all components to room temperature (18-25°C). Upon assay completion ensure all components of the kit are returned to appropriate storage conditions.
- 4. The Substrate is light-sensitive and should be protected from direct sunlight or UV sources.

# **Health Hazard Warnings:**

- 1. Reagents that contain preservatives may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin.
- 2. For Research Use Only.

# Sample Preparation and Storage:

Blood is taken by venipuncture. Serum is separated after clotting by centrifugation. Plasma can be used, too. Lipaemic, hemolytic or contaminated samples should not be run. Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided. If samples are to be used for several assays, initially aliquot samples and keep at - 20°C.

#### **Preparation before Use:**

Allow samples to reach room temperature prior to assay. Take care to agitate patient samples gently in order to ensure homogeneity.

Test Sample preparation - Serum and Plasma samples have to be diluted 1:1000 (v/v), e.g. for 1:1000 (1 ul sample + 999 ul sample diluent) prior to assay. The samples may be kept at 2 - 8°C for up to three days. Long-term storage requires the samples to be kept at -20°C.

#### Reagent Preparation (all reagents should be diluted immediately prior to use):

- 1. Label any aliquots made with the kit Lot No and Expiration date and store it at appropriate conditions mentioned.
- 2. Bring all reagents to Room Temperature before use.





- 3. To make Wash Buffer (1X); dilute 25 ml of 20X Wash Buffer in 475 ml of DI water.
- 4. **Standards Preparation**: Reconstitute the concentrated Standard Iyophilized vial with 1 ml of Standard Diluent to obtain a concentration of 1ug/ml. Keep the vial for 15 mins with gentle agitation before making further dilutions. Dilute 640 ul of reconstituted **Standard (1 ug/ml)** with 360 ul of Standard Diluent to generate a **640 ng/ml Standard Solution**. Prepare further **Standards** by serially diluting the Standard Solution as per the below table. Use the Standard Diluent as the Zero Standard (Standard No.0).

Standard Concentration	Standard Vial	Dilution Particulars
1 ug/ml	Lyophilized Standard	Lyophilized Standard provided in the Kit + 1ml of Standard Diluent
640 ng/ml	Standard No.7	640ul Reconstituted Standard (1 ug/ml) + 360 ul Standard Diluent
320 ng/ml	Standard No.6	500 ul Standard No.7 + 500 ul Standard Diluent
160 ng/ml	Standard No.5	500 ul Standard No.6 + 500 ul Standard Diluent
80 ng/ml	Standard No.4	500 ul Standard No.5 + 500 ul Standard Diluent
40 ng/ml	Standard No.3	500 ul Standard No.4 + 500 ul Standard Diluent
20 ng/ml	Standard No.2	500 ul Standard No.3 + 500 ul Standard Diluent
10 ng/ml	Standard No. 1	500 ul Standard No.2 + 500 ul Standard Diluent
0 ng/ml	Standard No.0	Only Standard Diluent

#### **Procedural Notes:**

- 1. In order to achieve good assay reproducibility and sensitivity, proper washing of the plates to remove excess un-reacted reagents is essential.
- 2. High Dose Hook Effect may be observed in samples with very high concentrations of Anti-Nivolumab. High Dose Hook Effect is due to excess of antibody for very high concentrations of Anti-Nivolumab present in the sample.
- 3. Avoid assay of Samples containing sodium azide (NaN<sub>3</sub>), as it could destroy the HRP activity resulting in under-estimation of the amount of Anti-Nivolumab.
- 4. It is recommended that all Standards and Samples be assayed in duplicates.
- 5. Maintain a repetitive timing sequence from well to well for all the steps to ensure that the incubation timings are same for each well.
- 6. If the Substrate has a distinct blue color prior to use it may have been contaminated and use of such substrate can lead to compromisation of the sensitivity of the assay.
- 7. The plates should be read within 30 minutes after adding the Stop Solution.
- 8. Make a work list in order to identify the location of Standards and Samples.

#### **Assay Procedure:**

- 1. It is strongly recommended that all Standards and Samples be run in duplicates or triplicates. All steps must be performed at 37°C.
- 2. Pipette 100 ul of prepared Standards and diluted Samples to the respective wells.
- 3. Cover the plate and incubate for 60 minutes at 37°C.
- 4. Aspirate and wash plate 4 times with **Wash Buffer (1X)** and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. Wipe of any liquid from the bottom outside of the microtiter wells as any residue can interfere in the reading step.
- 5. Pipette 100 ul of Nivolumab:HRP Conjugate to all wells.
- 6. Cover the plate and incubate for 60 minutes at 37°C.
- 7. Aspirate and wash plate 4 times with **Wash Buffer (1X)** and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. Wipe of any liquid from the bottom outside of the microtiter wells as any residue can interfere in the reading step.
- 8. Add 100 ul of TMB Substrate in each well.



- 9. Incubate the plate at 37°C for 30 minutes in dark. DO NOT SHAKE or else it may result in higher backgrounds and worse precision. Positive wells should turn bluish in color.
- 10. Pipette out 100 ul of Stop Solution. Wells should turn from blue to yellow in color.
- 11. Read the absorbance at 450 nm with a microplate reader.

#### Interpretation of Results:

Determine the Mean Absorbance for each set of duplicate or triplicate Standards and Samples. Using Graph paper, plot the average value (absorbance 450nm) of each standard on the Y-axis versus the corresponding concentration of the standards on the X-axis. Draw the best fit curve through the standard points. To determine the unknown Anti-Nivolumab concentrations, find the unknown's Mean Absorbance value on the Y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the X-axis and read the Anti-Nivolumab Concentration. If samples were diluted, multiply by the appropriate dilution factor.

Software which is able to generate a linear regression is best recommended for automated results.

#### Note:

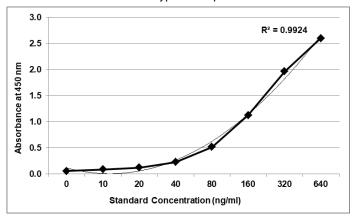
It is recommended to repeat the assay at a different dilution factor in the following cases:

- If the sample absorbance value is below the first standard.
- If the absorbance value is equivalent or higher than the 640 ng/ml standard.

Standard % Interpolated Interpolated Concentration Abs A Abs B Mean Abs Concentration against Concentration **Actual Concentration** (ng/ml) 0.050 0.062 0.056 0 10 0.076 0.094 0.085 11.2 112.4 0.122 0.123 105.3 20 0.124 21.1 40 0.219 0.233 0.226 39.9 99.7 80 0.567 0.469 0.518 80.1 100.1 99.7 160 1.153 1.103 1.128 159.6 320 1.918 2.011 1.965 320.7 100.2 640 2.494 2.711 2.602 639.0 99.8

Typical Data

Typical	Granh
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Abs = absorbance at 450nm

#### **Quality Control:**

It is recommended that for each laboratory assay appropriate quality control samples in each run to be used to ensure that all reagents and procedures are correct.

#### **Performance Characteristics of the Kit:**

This kit has been validated as per EMA/FDA guidelines in line with ICH Code for Harmonization of Biological Assays.



## Sensitivity:

**Limit of Quantification:** It is defined as the lowest concentration of an analyte that can be determined with an acceptable repeatability and the LOQ was found to be 8.75 ng/ml.

**Limit Of Detection:** It is defined as the lowest detectable concentration corresponding to a signal of Mean of '0' standard plus 2\*SD.

10 replicates of '0' standards were evaluated and the LOD was found to be less than 5 ng/ml

#### Specificity:

The proteins are recombinantly expressed Nivolumab used for capture and detection. The calibrators / standards used are calibrated against commercially sourced Antibody for Nivolumab.

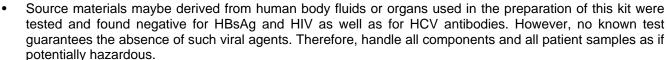
#### Precision:

Precision is defined as the percent coefficient of variation (%CV) i.e. standard deviation divided by the mean and multiplied by 100. Assay precision was determined by both intra (n=5 assays) and inter assay (n=5 assays) reproducibility on two pools with low (10 ng/ml), medium (80 ng/ml) and high (640 ng/ml) concentrations. While actual precision may vary from laboratory to laboratory and technician to technician, it is recommended that all operators achieve precision below these design goals before reporting results.

Pool	Intra Assay %CV	Inter Assay %CV
Low	<10%	<10%
Medium	<5%	<5%
High	<5%	<5%

#### **Safety Precautions:**

- This kit is For Research Use only. Follow the working instructions carefully.
- The expiration dates stated on the kit are to be observed. The same relates to the stability stated for reagents
- Do not use or mix reagents from different lots.
- Do not use reagents from other manufacturers.
- Avoid time shift during pipetting of reagents.
- All reagents should be kept in the original shipping container.
- Some of the reagents contain small amount of sodium azide (< 0.1 % w/w) as preservative. They must not be swallowed or allowed to come into contact with skin or mucosa.



- Since the kit contains potentially hazardous materials, the following precautions should be observed
- Do not smoke, eat or drink while handling kit material
- Always use protective gloves
- Never pipette material by mouth
- Wipe up spills promptly, washing the affected surface thoroughly with a decontaminant.
- In any case GLP should be applied with all general and individual regulations to the use of this kit.





# SCHEMATIC ASSAY PROCEDURE

1. Remove all components, 30 minutes before adding into the assay plate.



2. Avoid repeated cool-thaw of the components as there will be a loss of activity and this can affect the results.



3. Pipette 100 ul prepared Standards / diluted Samples to the respective wells.



- 5. Aspirate and wash wells 4 times with **Wash Buffer (1X).**
- 6. Pipette 100 ul Nivolumab:HRP into each well.



- 8. Aspirate and wash wells 4 times with **Wash Buffer (1X).**
- 9. Pipette **100 ul TMB Substrate** into each well.
- 10. Cover plate and incubate for 30min at 37°C
- 11. Pipette 100 ul Stop Solution into each well.
- 12. Read absorbance at 450nm with a microplate reader within of stopping reaction.



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# **SYMBOLS KEY**

МТР	Nivolumab Coated Microtiter Plate (12x8 wells)
STD	Anti-Nivolumab Standard
HRP CONJ	Conjugate Horseradish Peroxidase
1 X STD DIL	(1X) Standard Diluent
1X SAMP DIL	(1X) Sample Diluent
20X WASH BUF	(20X) Wash Buffer
SUB TMB	TMB Substrate
SOLN STOP	Stop Solution
<u> </u>	Consult Instructions for Use
REF	Catalog Number
$\Box$	Expiration Date
X	Storage Temperature