

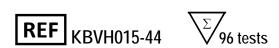
GENLISA™ Human SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) **Antigen Quantitative TITRATION ELISA**

: KBVH015-44 REF Ver 1.0 **RUO**

Enzyme Immunoassay for the Quantitative Antigen Determination of SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) Spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) in human serum and plasma and cell culture supernatant

RUO	For Research Use Only	REF	Catalog Number
1	Store At	LOT	Batch Code
•••	Manufactured By	₩	Biological Risk
	Expiry Date	[]i	Consult Operating Instructions

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Introduction:

The GENLISA™ ELISA kits are used for assessing the specific biomarker in samples analytes which may be serum, plasma and cell culture supernatant as validated with the kit. The kit employs a sandwich ELISA technique which leads to a higher specificity and increased sensitivity compared to conventional competitive ELISA kits which employ only one antibody. Double antibodies are used in this kit.

Intended Use:

The GENLISA™ Human SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) Antigen Quantitative TITRATION ELISA kit is used as an analytical tool for quantitative antigen determination of Human SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) proteins in human serum and plasma and cell culture supernatant.

Principle:

The method employs sandwich ELISA technique. Monoclonal antibodies are pre-coated onto microwells. Samples and standards are pipetted into microwells and Human SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) proteins present in the sample are bound by the capture antibodies. After incubation the wells are washed and followed by HRP- conjugated Detection Antibody is pipetted and incubated to form a complex. After washing microwells in order to remove any non-specific binding, the substrate solution (TMB) is added to microwells and color develops proportionally to the amount of Human SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) proteins in the sample. Color development is then stopped by addition of stop solution. Absorbance is measured at 450 nm.

Materials Provided:

Part	Description	Qty
SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) protein Antibody Coated Microtiter Plate	96 well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) protein Antibody	1 x 96 wells
Human SARS-CoV-2 spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) protein Standard	Lyophilized Human SARS-CoV-2 spike RBD protein Delta Variant (B.1.617.2) protein Standard Concentration – 5 ug/ml	2 vials
SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) Antibody:HRP Conjugate	SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) Antibody:HRP Conjugate prepared in buffer with protein stabilizer and preservatives 0.02% methylisothiazolone and 0.02% bromonitrodioxane.	12 ml
(5X) Sample Diluent	Buffered protein base with preservative thiomersol < 0.01%	50 ml
(1X) Standard Diluent	Buffered protein base with preservative thiomersol < 0.01% with 1:100 dilution human serum	10 ml
(20X) Wash Buffer	20-fold concentrated solution of buffered surfactant with preservative thiomersol < 0.01%. May turn yellow over time.	25 ml
TMB Substrate	Stabilized Chromogen	12 ml
Stop Solution	2N Sulfuric Acid	12 ml
Instruction Manual		1 no

Materials to be provided by the End-User:

- 1. Microtiter Plate Reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Adjustable pipettes and multichannel pipettor to measure volumes ranging from 25 ul to 1000 ul
- 3. Deionized (DI) water
- 4. Wash bottle or automated microplate washer
- 5. Graph paper or software for data analysis
- 6. Timer
- 7. Absorbent Paper



Handling/Storage:

- 1. Store main kit components at 2-8°C.
- 2. Before using, bring all components to room temperature (18-25°C). Upon assay completion return all components to appropriate storage conditions.
- 3. The Substrate is light-sensitive and should be protected from direct sunlight or UV sources.

Health Hazard Warnings:

1. Reagents that contain preservatives may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin.



Sample Preparation and Storage:

Specimens should be clear and non-hemolyzed. Samples should be run at a number of dilutions to ensure accurate quantitation.

Blood is taken by venipuncture. Serum is separated after clotting by centrifugation. Plasma can be used, too. Lipaemic, hemolytic or contaminated samples should not be run. Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

Samples should be diluted 1:100 (v/v) for optimal recovery, (for example 1 ul sample + 99 ul (1X) Sample Diluent) prior to assay. In cases where matrix interferences is under or over observed, the samples may be diluted with (1X) Sample Diluent accordingly.

The samples may be kept at 2 - 8°C for up to three days. For long-term storage please store at -20°C.

Note: Grossly hemolyzed samples are not suitable for use in this assay

Cell Culture Supernates - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or lower temperature. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. If the use of original supernate sample or low dilution (<5 fold) are necessary due to the expected low concentration of antigen supernates need be adjust to neutral pH condition before assay.

Note:

The sample should be diluted to within the working range of the assay in 1X Sample Diluent. The exact dilution must be determined based on the concentration of specific target in individual samples.

Reagent Preparation (all reagents should be diluted immediately prior to use):

- Label any aliquots made with the kit Lot No and Expiration date and store it at appropriate conditions mentioned.
- 2. Bring all reagents to Room Temperature before use.
- 3. To make Sample Diluent (1X); dilute 50 ml of 5X Sample Diluent in 200 ml of Dl water.
- 4. To make Wash Buffer (1X); dilute 25 ml of 20X Wash Buffer in 475 ml of DI water.
- 5. **Standards Preparation**: Reconstitute the concentrated Standard lyophilized vial with 1 ml of Standard Diluent (1X) to obtain a concentration of 5ug/ml. Keep the vial for 15 mins with gentle agitation before making further dilutions. Dilute 400 ul of original **Standard (5 ug/ml)** with 100 ul of Standard Diluent (1X) to generate a **4000 ng/ml Standard Solution**. Prepare further **Standards** by serially diluting the Standard Solution as per the below table. Use the Standard Diluent (1X) as the Zero Standard (Standard No.0).

Standard Concentration	Standard Vial	Dilution Particulars	
5 ug/ml	Original Standard	Original Standard provided in the Kit + 1ml Standard Diluent (1X)	
4000 ng/ml	Standard No.7	400 ul Original Standard (5 ug/ml) + 100 ul Standard Diluent (1X)	
2000 ng/ml	Standard No.6	250 ul Standard No.7 + 250 ul Standard Diluent (1X)	
1000 ng/ml	Standard No.5	250 ul Standard No.6 + 250 ul Standard Diluent (1X)	
500 ng/ml	Standard No.4	250 ul Standard No.5 + 250 ul Standard Diluent (1X)	
250 ng/ml	Standard No.3	250 ul Standard No.4 + 250 ul Standard Diluent (1X)	



125 ng/ml	Standard No.2	250 ul Standard No.3 + 250 ul Standard Diluent (1X)	
62.5 ng/ml	Standard No.1	250 ul Standard No.2 + 250 ul Standard Diluent (1X)	
0 ng/ml	Standard No. 0	Only Standard Diluent (1X)	

Procedural Notes:

- 1. In order to achieve good assay reproducibility and sensitivity, proper washing of the plates to remove excess un-reacted reagents is essential.
- 2. Avoid assay of Samples containing sodium azide (NaN₃), as it could destroy the HRP activity resulting in erroneous results for the presence of Human SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19).
- 3. It is recommended that the Standards and Samples be assayed in duplicates.
- 4. Maintain a repetitive timing sequence from well to well for all the steps to ensure that the incubation timings are same for each well.
- 5. If the Substrate has a distinct blue color prior to use it may have been contaminated and use of such substrate can lead to compromisation of the sensitivity of the assay.
- 6. The plates should be read within 30 minutes after adding the Stop Solution.
- 7. Make a work list in order to identify the location of Standards and Samples.

Assay Procedure:

- 1. Pipette 100 ul of Standards and diluted Samples to the respective wells.
- 2. Seal plate and incubate for 1 hour at 37°C shaking at 180 rpm.
- 3. Aspirate and wash plate 4 times with **Wash Buffer (1X)** and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. Wipe of any liquid from the bottom outside of the microtiter wells as any residue can interfere in the reading step. All the washes should be performed similarly.
- 4. Add 100 ul of SARS-CoV-2 Antibody: HRP Conjugate to each well.
- 5. Seal plate and incubate for 1 hour at 37°C shaking at 180 rpm.
- 6. Wash plate 4 times with Wash Buffer (1X) as in step 2.
- 7. Pipette 100 ul of TMB Substrate solution.
- 8. Incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at Room Temperature.
- 9. Stop reaction by adding 100 ul of Stop Solution to each well.
- 10. Read absorbance at 450 nm within 30 minutes of stopping reaction.

Calculation of Results:

Determine the Mean Absorbance for each set of duplicate Standards and Samples. Using Graph Paper, plot the average value (absorbance 450nm) of each standard on the Y-axis versus the corresponding concentration of the standards on the X-axis. Draw the best fit curve through the standard points. To determine the unknown Human SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) spike protein concentrations, find the unknown's Mean Absorbance value on the Y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the X-axis and read the Human SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) spike protein Concentration.

If samples were diluted, multiply by the appropriate dilution factor. Software which is able to generate a cubic spline curve-fit or a polynomial 2nd order curve is best recommended for automated results.

Note:

It is recommended to repeat the assay at a different dilution factor in the following cases:

- If the sample absorbance value is below the first standard.



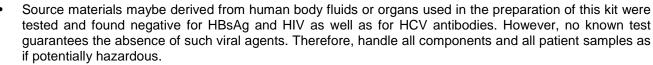


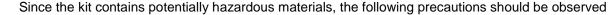
Quality Control:

It is recommended that for each laboratory assay appropriate quality control samples in each run to be used to ensure that all reagents and procedures are correct.

Safety Precautions:

- This kit is For Research Use Only. Follow the working instructions carefully.
- The expiration dates stated on the kit are to be observed. The same relates to the stability stated for reagents
- Do not use or mix reagents from different lots.
- Do not use reagents from other manufacturers.
- Avoid time shift during pipetting of reagents.
- All reagents should be kept in the original shipping container.
- Some of the reagents contain small amount of sodium azide (< 0.1 % w/w) as preservative. They must not be swallowed or allowed to come into contact with skin or mucosa.





- Do not smoke, eat or drink while handling kit material
- Always use protective gloves
- Never pipette material by mouth
- Wipe up spills promptly, washing the affected surface thoroughly with a decontaminant.
- In any case GLP should be applied with all general and individual regulations to the use of this kit.







SCHEMATIC ASSAY PROCEDURE

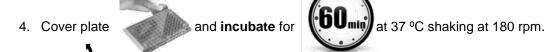


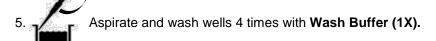


2. Avoid repeated cool-thaw of the components as there will be a loss of activity and this can affect the results.



Pipette **100 ul Standards** and **diluted Samples** into the respective wells.









8. Aspirate and wash wells 4 times with (1X) Wash Buffer.









Typical Example of a Work List

Well #	Contents	Absorbance at 450nm	Mean Absorbance	Results
1A	0 Standard			
2A	0 Standard			
1B	62.5 ng/ml			
2B	62.5 ng/ml			
1C	125 ng/ml			
2C	125 ng/ml			
1D	250 ng/ml			
2D	250 ng/ml			
1E	500 ng/ml			
2E	500 ng/ml			
1F	1000 ng/ml			
2F	1000 ng/ml			
1G	2000 ng/ml			
2G	2000 ng/ml			
1H	4000 ng/ml			
2H	4000 ng/ml			
3A	Sample			
4A				
3B	Sample			
4B	'			

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